

The national curriculum for computing in England was introduced by the Department of Education in 2014. The curriculum aims to equip young people with the knowledge, skills and understanding they need to thrive in the digital world of today and the future. The curriculum can be broken down into 3 strands: computer science, information technology and digital literacy, with the aims of the curriculum reflecting this distinction. Here at The Bishops' we have added Internet Safety as a 4th strand to run throughout everything we do.

We will utilise Barefoot Computing Resources to support the computer science strands of the curriculum and elements of the information technology and digital literacy aspects of computing. In addition, the Barefoot resources are cross-curricular, making a broad range of links with other subjects from the English national curriculum. A range of other resources will support our curriculum delivery, including but not limited to: National Online Safety, Digital Literacy and Citizenship from Common sense education, Google Code Club, Think You Know and Scratch Junior.

Throughout the primary curriculum, pupils learn how to use a range of 'programming languages'. This includes developing computational-thinking skills associated with the process of programming, such as algorithms and decomposing problems into a sequence of steps and using logical reasoning to predict outcomes. As pupils progress, specific knowledge and understanding relating to programming is defined, for example the use of sequence, selection, repetition and variables. In addition, pupils learn about the workings of computers and computer networks such as the internet.

Curriculum Intent, Implementation and Impact Overview					
Subject: Computing Subject Leader: Rachael Hatch					
Intent	Impl	Impact			
At The Bishops' we want pupils	We have created a comprehensive curriculum prog	We encourage our children to enjoy			
to be Masters of Technology and	cover every element of the computing national cur	and value the curriculum we deliver.			
not slaves to it.	year to deepen and challenge our learners.		We will constantly ask the Why behind		
Technology is everywhere and				their learning and not just the How.	
will play a pivotal part in	Computer science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy	We want learners to discuss, reflect	
students' lives. Therefore, we	Can understand and apply the fundamental	Can evaluate and apply	Are responsible,	and appreciate the impact computing	
want to model and educate our	principles and concepts of computer science,	information technology,	competent, confident	has on their learning, development	
pupils on how to use technology	including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data	including new or	and creative users of	and well being.	
positively, responsibly and safely.	representation.	unfamiliar technologies,	information and		
We want our pupils to be		analytically to solve	communication	Finding the right balance with	
creators not consumers and our	Can analyse problems in computational terms,	problems	technology.	technology is key to an effective	
broad curriculum (encompassing	and have repeated practical experience of			education and a healthy life-style. We	
computer science, information	writing computer programs in order to solve			feel the way we implement computing	
technology and digital literacy)	such problems			helps children realise the need for the	
reflects this. We want our pupils				right balance and one they can	
to understand that there is	Internet Safety			continue to build on in their next stage	
always a choice with using	When online apply the SMART safety rules: S – Ke	ep your personal details safe	. M – Never meet strangers	of education and beyond. We	
technology and as a school we	face to face. A – Do not accept or respond to files	gers. R – Make sure all that	encourage regular discussions		
utilise technology (especially	you read is reliable. T – tell someone you trust if y	between staff and pupils to best			
social media) to model positive		embed and understand this.			
use. We recognise that the best	Always apply the THINK Netiquette rules: T – is it				
prevention for a lot of issues we	necessary? K – is it kind?			The way pupils showcase, share,	
currently see with technology/				celebrate and publish their work will	
social media is through	We feel that the majority of computing should be e	embedded across the curricul	um and delivered within all	best show the impact of our	
education. We recognise that	other subjects, both core and topic. This will be exp	plicit in each Year Groups mee	dium term plans so that	curriculum. We also look for evidence	
technology can allow pupils to	coverage can be ensured. We also want our pupils	to have opportunities to lear	n computing skills both using	through reviewing pupil's knowledge	
share their learning in creative	technology but also unplugged so they can begin to	oblem solve. Barefoot	and skills digitally through tools like		
ways. We also understand the	Computing was the perfect resource to support thi	s and will form the basis of ou	ur Computer Science	Google Drive and Seesaw and	
accessibility opportunities	delivery.			observing learning regularly.	
technology can provide for our					
pupils. Our knowledge rich	In addition to the computing skills being taught acr	oss the curriculum each half	term classes will dedicate 1	Progress of our computing curriculum	
curriculum has to be balanced	to 2 full days to its discrete delivery. This is necessa	art of the computing	is demonstrated through outcomes		
with the opportunity	curriculum will often, but not always, need a more	explicit approach.		and the record of coverage in the	
for pupils to apply their				process of	
knowledge creatively, which will	For example: If my class were covering World War	achieving these outcomes.			
in turn help our pupils become	War started, I could set the children the task of cre	ating a video explaining this.	First, the children may want		
skilful computer scientists.	to research some more information about how the	Nazi party rose to power. Th	is would involve covering	This year we will be implementing a	
We encourage staff to try and	some Digital Literacy: Managing Online Information	1 –		digital passport which pupils will carry	
embed computing across the	 I can use search technologies effectively. 			with them throughout primary school	
whole curriculum to make	• I can explain how search engines work and how r	to store, evidence and build upon their			

learning creative and accessible.	• I can demonstrate the strategies I would apply to be discerning in evaluating digital content.	computing skills during their time at
We want our pupils to be fluent	• I can describe how some online information can be opinion and can offer examples.	The Bishops'.
with a range of tools to best	If the pupils were to then create a video using an app such as Adobe Spark Video to demonstrate their	
express their understanding and	learning, they would be covering some of the Information Technology: Video Creation –	
hope by Upper Key Stage 2,	• I can create videos using a range of media – green screen, animations, film and image.	
children have the independence	If the pupils were to then upload or publish their work on a blog or platform such as Seesaw, we would also	
and confidence to choose the	be covering this objective from Information Technology: Word Processing objectives –	
best tool to fulfil the task and	• I can publish my documents online regularly and discuss the audience and purpose of my content.	
challenge set by teachers.	Even though this would be a History lesson, we would be covering a fair few computing objectives therefore	
As with all aspects of our	if we need to spend more time on other subjects that week, we are still covering computing without having	
curriculum plans are driven by	a timetabled computing session. This is the way we want computing delivered in Primary schools, embedded	
the schools Christian Values and	to allow learning to be more accessible and allow learners to be more creative in demonstrating their	
Ethos. For this reason we have	learning.	
decided to treat Online Safety as		
a separate strand which will run		
throughout the year and be		
adapted to the needs of the		
children in each class and current		
technological issues.		

Computing skills and knowledge progression

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Computer Science	Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions	Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions	Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts	Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts	Design, write and debug program including controlling or simulating problems by decomposing them i	s that accomplish specific goals, g physical systems; solve nto smaller parts
	♪ •▲	♪ •▲			 <u>debug programs to ensure they</u> <u>simulate physical systems</u> Use sequence, selection, and representations of increased wariables and wariants forms of increased in the system of the system	accomplish specific goals etition in programs; work with
	- <u>understand what algorithms</u> are - <u>understand that programs</u> execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions	- <u>understand what algorithms</u> are - <u>understand how algorithms</u> are implemented as programs on digital devices understand that programs	- <u>design programs that</u> accomplish specific goals - <u>solve problems by</u> <u>decomposing them into smaller</u> <u>parts</u>	- <u>write programs that</u> accomplish specific goals - <u>control physical systems</u> Use sequence, selection, and	(
	Create and debug simple programs	execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions	Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output	with variables and various forms of input and output	 work with various forms of inpu work with various forms of outp Use logical reasoning to explain h 	<u>t</u> ut ow some simple algorithms
		Create and debug simple programs		- <u>use repetition in programs</u>	work and to detect and correct er	rrors in algorithms and programs
	- <u>create simple programs</u> Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs	- <u>create simple programs</u> - <u>debug simple programs</u>	 use sequence in programs use selection in programs Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms 	Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and	- <u>use logical reasoning to detect a</u> Understand computer networks i can provide multiple services, suc	nd correct errors in programs ncluding the internet; how they th as the world wide web
	- use logical reasoning to	Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs	work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs	programs		
	simple programs	- use logical reasoning to	- <u>use logical reasoning to</u>	- use logical reasoning to detect and correct errors in algorithms	- <u>multiple services provided by ne</u> <u>the world wide web</u>	etworks and the internet, such as
		simple programs	explain how some simple algorithms work			

			Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web	Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web	appreciate how results are ranked
			- <u>understand computer</u> <u>networks including the internet</u> Appreciate how results are selected and ranked	Appreciate how results are selected and ranked	
			? . ?	- appreciate how results are	
	Uses technology safely	Uses technology nurnosefully	- appreciate how results are selected	selected	Recognises accentable (unaccentable behaviour
Information Technology	Uses technology purposefully to store digital content Uses technology purposefully to retrieve digital content	to create digital content Uses technology purposefully to store digital content Uses technology purposefully to retrieve digital content	information technology beyond school Uses technology purposefully to create digital content Uses technology purposefully to store digital content Uses technology purposefully to retrieve digital content	accomplish given goals Selects, uses and combines internet services Analyses and evaluates information Collects and presents data	Selects a variety of software to accomplish given goals Selects, uses and combines internet services Analyses and evaluates information Collects and presents data
Digital Literacy	Keeps personal information private Recognises common uses of information technology beyond school Uses technology purposefully to create digital content	Uses technology safely Keeps personal information private Recognises common uses of information technology beyond school	Uses technology safely Keeps personal information private	Understands the opportunities computer networks offer for communication Identifies a range of ways to report concerns about content Recognises acceptable/unacceptable behaviour	Understands the opportunities computer networks offer for communication Identifies a range of ways to report concerns about content
Internet Safety	To agree to the Think Before You Click pledge & E-safety assembly To use the internet safely	To agree to the Think Before You Click pledge & E-safety assembly To discuss how to stay safe on the internet	To agree to the Be Internet Awesome pledge & E-safety assembly To discuss what information should be kept private	To agree to the Be Internet Awesome pledge & E-safety assembly To recognize ways people steal personal information	Recognises acceptable/unacceptable behaviour Selects a variety of software to accomplish given goals Selects, uses and combines internet services Analyses and evaluates information Collects and presents data

	To search the internet for suitable pictures To keep my information private To describe how to take ownership of work online To discuss how to stay safe online	To use technology safely To describe the rules for staying safe online To use the rules to discuss a story To describe positive behaviour on the internet To make safe choices when using the internet	To identify ways information can be found online about people To create a positive online presence To discuss different levels of privacy To put my learning into practice	To recognize when someone is trying to steal personal information To analyse how computer 'bots' can impact on daily life To put my learning into practice	Understands the opportunities computer networks offer for communication Identifies a range of ways to report concerns about content Internet safety sessions based on current usage of pupils.
Vocabulary	Keyboard Monitor Interactive Whiteboard Password Email Website Delete Space Bar Barcode Internet Save Instructions Edit (Size, Colour, Shape)	Sequence Command Control Execute Private Information Data Social Media Communicate Voice recognition Offline Online World Wide Web (WWW) Program Image Text Insert Copy Paste Wireless Digital	Blog De-bugging Manipulating IT Information Technology	Hardware Software Digital Footprint QR Code Pop-up Block Cookies Fibres/cables Multimedia Format Server Network	Hyperlink Plagiarism Citing sources Trolling Digital content Privacy Social Media Influencers Reputable Source Verify Anonymity Script HTML (hyper-text mark-up language) URL (Uniform Resource Locater

Social, Moral, Spiritual, Cultural Links

Spiritual
Computing supports spiritual development by looking at how research can bring rapid benefits to discussions and tolerance to an individual's beliefs. However, children are also exposed to the limitations and abuse of the internet where
they question and justify the aims, values and principles of their own and others' belief systems.
Moral
Computing supports moral development by looking at how developments have had an impact on the environment as technology has meant that old ways of working have been changed to help the environment.
Social
The development in technology has impacted different cultures and backgrounds in different ways. More developed countries are able to keep pace with the developments in technology whilst less developed ones can't.
Cultural
The development in technology has impacted different cultures and backgrounds in different ways. More developed countries are able to keep pace with the developments in technology whilst less developed ones can't.